

Commission Members

The Honorable Lawrence E. Mooney, Chair

Judge, Eastern District Court of Appeals
St. Louis, Missouri

The Honorable Robert M. Clayton, Vice Chair

Presiding Judge, 10th Judicial Circuit
Hannibal, Missouri

The Honorable Karen M. Miller

Associate Commissioner, Boone County
Columbia, Missouri

The Honorable Paul Koeper

Associate Commissioner, Cape Girardeau County
Jackson, Missouri

The Honorable John J. Riley

Circuit Judge, 22nd Judicial Circuit
St. Louis, Missouri

The Honorable Eva Danner

Presiding Commissioner, Livingston County
Chillicothe, Missouri

The Honorable Peggy Stevens McGraw

Circuit Judge, 16th Judicial Circuit
Kansas City, Missouri

The Staff office is located in Jefferson City, Missouri, in the Supreme Court Building (red brick building across the street from the Capitol), 207 West High Street, Jefferson City, Missouri. The phone number is 573-751-7342. The building is open from 8 a.m. - 5 p.m., Monday - Friday. Voice mail is available 24 hours a day.

STATUTES

50.640. 1. Except as otherwise provided in this section, all offices, departments, courts, institutions, commissions or other agencies spending moneys of the county shall perform the duties and observe the restrictions set forth in sections 50.540 to 50.630 relating to budget procedure and appropriations. The estimates of the circuit court, including all activities thereof and of the circuit clerk, shall be transmitted to the budget officer by the circuit clerk. The estimates of the circuit clerk shall bear the approval of the circuit court. The budget officer or the county commission shall not change the estimates of the circuit court or of the circuit clerk without the consent of the circuit court or the circuit clerk, respectively, but shall appropriate in the appropriation order the amounts estimated as originally submitted or as changed, with their consent.

2. If the county governing body deems the estimates of the circuit court to be unreasonable, the governing body may file a petition for review with the judicial finance commission on a form provided by the judicial finance commission after the estimates are included in the county budget. An amount equal to the difference between the estimates of the circuit court and the amounts deemed appropriate by the governing body shall be placed in a separate escrow account, and shall not be appropriated and expended until a final determination is made by the judicial finance commission under this subsection. The form provided by the judicial finance commission shall include an opportunity for the governing body and the circuit court to state their positions in a summary fashion. If a petition for review is filed, the circuit court shall have the burden of convincing the judicial finance commission that the amount estimated by it and included in the budget is reasonable. In determining if the circuit court estimate is reasonable, the judicial finance commission shall consider the expenditures necessary to support the circuit court in relation to the expenditures necessary for the administration of all other county functions, the actual or estimated operating deficit or surplus from prior years, all interest and debt redemption charges, all capital projects expenditures, and the total estimated available revenues from all sources available for financing the proposed expenditures. In determining the reasonableness of any budget estimate involving compensation, the judicial finance commission shall also consider compensation for county employees with similar duties, length of service and educational qualifications. The judicial finance commission shall immediately order a settlement conference to determine if the matter can be resolved before ordering briefs and oral argument. The judicial finance commission, to the maximum extent practicable, shall resolve the dispute prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in question, however, if the dispute is submitted within ninety days of the end of the fiscal year, the commission shall resolve the dispute within ninety days of the beginning of the subsequent fiscal year. The county governing body may file and prosecute a petition for review without representation by counsel.

477.600. 1. There is hereby created within the judicial department a "Judicial Finance Commission". The commission shall be composed of seven members appointed by the supreme court. At least one member of the commission shall be a member of a county governing body from a county of the third class, one member of the commission shall be a member of the county governing body of a county of the first class, and one member of the commission shall be a member of a county governing body from any class of county. The supreme court shall designate one member to serve as chairman and one member as vice chairman. The vice chairman shall preside in the absence of the chairman.

2. The members of the commission shall serve for terms of three years and until their successors are appointed and qualified; except that of the initial members appointed, three shall serve for terms of one year, two shall serve for terms of two years and two shall serve for terms of three years, as designated by the court.

3. If a vacancy occurs the court shall appoint a replacement. The replacement shall serve the unexpired portion of the term and may be appointed to successive terms.

4. The commission shall promulgate rules of procedure which shall become effective upon approval by the supreme court. The supreme court may adopt such other rules as it deems appropriate to govern the procedures of the commission.

5. The commission shall:

(1) Examine the budget request of the circuit court upon the petition by the county governing body as provided in section 50.640, RSMo, or any budget or item in the budget estimated by the court including, but not limited to, compensation of deputy sheriffs and assistants, as set forth in section 57.250, RSMo;

(2) Issue a written opinion addressed to the presiding circuit judge and the presiding officer of the county. The opinion shall state the conclusions of the commission as to the reasonableness of the circuit court budget request. The opinion of the commission shall state clearly the reasons for its decision. Any member of the commission who disagrees with the commission's findings may file a minority report;

(3) Maintain accurate records of the cost and expenses of the judicial and law enforcement agencies for each county;

(4) Submit an annual report to the governor, general assembly, and supreme court on the finances of the judicial department. The report shall examine both the revenues of the department and the expenses of the department. The report shall include the information from all divisions of the circuit court of each county including the circuit, associate circuit, probate, juvenile and municipal divisions. The information shall be reported separately except where the divisions are combined or consolidated.

6. In discharging its responsibilities, the commission may:

(1) Conduct public hearings, take testimony, summon witnesses, and subpoena records and documents;

(2) Conduct surveys and collect data from county governments and the circuit courts on the operations of the judicial and law enforcement agencies in each county. The commission and its staff shall be granted access at any reasonable time to all books, records, and data the commission deems necessary for the administration of its duties;

(3) Within the limits of appropriations made for the purpose, appoint special committees, accept and expend grant funds, and employ consultants and others to assist the commission in its work.

7. Upon receipt of the written opinion of the commission or upon refusal of the commission to accept a petition for review, the circuit court or the county governing body may seek a review by the supreme court by filing a petition for review in the supreme court within thirty days of the receipt of the commission's opinion. If a petition for review is not filed in the supreme court, then the recommendation of the commission shall take effect notwithstanding the provisions of section 50.600, RSMo. If the commission refused to review a petition and no petition is filed in the supreme court, the circuit court budget is approved as submitted to the county governing body. The supreme court shall consider the petition for review de novo.

8. The commission shall meet as necessary at the call of the chairman or on written request of four members. Four members constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. Upon request of the chairman, the supreme court may appoint a temporary replacement for any commissioner who is unable to hear a case or who is disqualified from any case. No member of the commission shall participate in any proceeding involving the county or circuit where the member resides.

9. Members of the commission shall receive no compensation for their services but shall be reimbursed out of funds appropriated for this purpose for their actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties.

10. The clerk of the supreme court shall provide suitable staff for the commission out of any funds appropriated for this purpose. The commission may also employ court reporters as necessary to take testimony at hearings held pursuant to section 50.640, RSMo. The reporters shall be compensated at a rate established by the commission out of any funds appropriated for this purpose.

COURT OPERATING RULE 12

RULES OF PRACTICE AND PROCEDURE BEFORE THE MISSOURI JUDICIAL FINANCE COMMISSION

COURT OPERATING RULE 12-1 IN GENERAL

Rule 12-1.01 DEFINITIONS

As used in this Court Operating Rule 12, except as required by the context, the following terms mean:

- (a) “Chair,” the chairman of the Judicial Finance Commission;
- (b) “Commission,” the Judicial Finance Commission;
- (c) “Commission Counsel,” the general counsel of the commission;
- (d) “Petitioner,” any local governing body responsible for funding a circuit court that brings a petition seeking review of the proposed budget of that circuit court before the commission;
- (e) “Pleading,” any complaint, answer, reply, application, protest, petition for review, or motion;
- (f) “Presiding Officer,” the chair, vice chair or other member of the commission presiding at a meeting, hearing, or proceeding before the commission;
- (g) “Vice chair,” the vice chairman of the commission.

Rule 12-1.03 CONSTRUCTION AND AMENDMENT

This Court Operating Rule 12 shall be liberally construed to secure just, speedy, and inexpensive determination of the issues presented. The rules may be amended at any time by the commission and shall become effective on approval by the Supreme Court.

Rule 12-1.05 THE COMMISSION

(a) Office. The office of the commission is in Jefferson City, Missouri. All general inquiries to the commission should be addressed to the Judicial Finance Commission, P.O. Box 150, Jefferson City, Missouri 65102.

(b) Quorum. Four members of the commission constitute a quorum.

Rule 12-1.07 COMMISSION RECORDS

(a) Commission Certification. All orders and other official actions of the commission shall be certified or authenticated by the signature of the presiding officer.

(b) Official Records.

(1) The commission counsel shall maintain a complete record of all proceedings of the commission, all orders issued by the commission, and all decisions rendered by the commission.

(2) The commission shall maintain accurate records of the cost and expenses of the judicial and law enforcement agencies for each county. Such records shall be kept on file at the Office of the commission.

(c) Filings. Pleadings and other papers and documents shall be filed with the commission at the commission's office.

(d) Requests for Copies and Inspection of Records. Requests for official information, copies of the commission's orders or decisions, or transcripts of proceedings may be obtained at a standard cost per page plus postage on written request to the commission counsel. Requests to inspect public records shall be made at the commission's office.

Rule 12-1.09 CODE OF ETHICS

Any person who signs a pleading or brief or enters an appearance at a hearing represents that he or she is authorized to do so and that he or she agrees to comply with the rules of the commission.

Rule 12-1.11 TIME, COMPUTATION

(a) In computing any period of time prescribed or allowed by this Court Operating Rule 12, the day of the act, event, or default after which the designated period of time begins to run is not to be included. The last day of the period so computed is to be included, unless it is a Saturday, Sunday,

or a legal holiday in Missouri, in which event the period runs until the end of the next day which is neither a Saturday, Sunday, nor a holiday.

(b) When by this Court Operating Rule 12 or by statutes an act is required or allowed to be done at or within a specified time, the commission for cause shown may at any time at its discretion:

(1) With or without motion or notice order the period enlarged if request is made before the expiration of the period originally prescribed or as extended by a previous order, or

(2) On notice and motion made after the expiration of the specified period permit the act to be done where the failure to act was the result of excusable neglect. In no event, however, may the commission extend the time period prescribed in Court Operating Rule 12-23.05.

COURT OPERATING RULE 12-3 DISQUALIFICATION OR ABSENCE

Rule 12-3.01 DISQUALIFICATION

(a) No member or alternate shall participate in any proceeding involving the county or circuit where that member resides.

(b) A member or members designated pursuant to Court Operating Rule 12-11.03 and participating in a settlement conference may be disqualified from participating in a hearing held in the same proceeding if

the county governing body or circuit court so move in writing at least ten days before the scheduled hearing.

Rule 12-3.03 APPOINTMENT

If a member is disqualified or unable to hear a case, the Supreme Court, on request of the chair, may appoint a temporary replacement for the member who possesses the same qualifications as the member.

COURT OPERATING RULE 12-5 PRESIDING OFFICER

Rule 12-5.01 DESIGNATION

The chair shall preside at all meetings and hearings of the commission. In the chair's absence or disqualification at a meeting or hearing, the vice chair shall preside at the meeting or hearing. If both the chair and vice chair are absent or disqualified at a meeting or hearing, any member designated by the commission may preside.

Rule 12-5.03 AUTHORITY

The presiding officer shall control the course of hearings, administer oaths, order subpoenas issued, receive evidence, hold appropriate conferences before or during hearings, rule on all objections or motions that do not involve final determination of proceedings, receive offers of proof, hear argument, and fix the time for filing of briefs. The presiding officer

may take such other action as may be necessary and appropriate to the discharge of his or her duties, consistent with the statutory or other authorities under which the commission functions and with the rules and policies of the commission.

**COURT OPERATING RULE 12-7 FORMAL REQUIREMENTS
FOR ALL PLEADINGS AND
BRIEFS**

Rule 12-7.01 FORM AND SIZE

(a) Pleadings shall be typewritten on paper 8 ½ x 11 inches, and exhibits or appendices annexed thereto, where practical, folded to that size. The impression shall be on one side of the paper only and shall be double-spaced, except that quotations in excess of a few lines and footnotes may be single-spaced.

(b) Briefs may be typewritten on paper 8 ½ x 11 inches or may be printed on paper 6 x 9 inches in size.

(c) Reproduction may be by any process, provided all copies are clear and permanently legible.

Rule 12-7.03 TITLE AND NUMBER

Pleadings, briefs, and other documents shall show the title of the proceeding before the commission, the case number assigned by the commission, and the name and address of the attorney, if any, or other

person on the flyleaf, at the end of the document, or other place on forms supplied by the commission to whom all notices, pleadings, or other papers should be served.

Rule 12-7.05 SIGNATURES

Any petition, complaint, answer, reply, protest, or other document or pleading shall be signed by one of the following methods:

(a) If the party is a county government, by the budget officer, the county executive, the presiding commissioner, or by the attorney for the county government.

(b) If the party is a circuit court, by the presiding judge of, or the attorney for, the circuit court.

Rule 12-7.07 COPIES

Unless otherwise required by the commission, an original and nine conformed copies of each pleading, brief, or other document, including exhibits attached thereto, shall be filed with the commission.

Rule 12-7.09 AMENDED PLEADINGS

Amendments to pleadings shall be filed with the commission and may be offered at any time before submission to the commission for

decision. The commission shall decide in its discretion whether to allow the offered amendment.

Rule 12-7.11 REJECTION OF FILINGS

(a) Pleadings, briefs or documents are to be liberally construed and accepted for filing unless their form or content significantly impedes proper review.

(b) Pleadings, briefs, or documents that are not in substantial compliance with this Court Operating Rule 12, commission orders, or applicable statutes, shall not be filed. The commission counsel may return such papers with an indication of the deficiencies therein and the reasons for not filing the same. The mere fact of filing shall not waive any failure to comply with these rules, commission orders, or applicable statutes, and the commission may require the filing of an amendment to a pleading, brief, or other document, or entertain appropriate motions in connection therewith.

COURT OPERATING RULE 12-9 PETITION FOR REVIEW

Rule 12-9.01 FORM AND CONTENTS

(a) All petitions shall comply with Rules 12-7.01 to 12-7.07, shall conform to Form 2510, and shall state clearly and concisely the budget requested, amount disputed, the grounds for the dispute, and all supporting

facts and figures. The form provided by the commission shall include an opportunity for the county governing body and the circuit court to state their positions in a summary fashion. The county governing body is to file one copy of the complete county budget with the commission. In its petition or attached thereto, the county governing body may file summaries of the budget that relate to the factors set out in section 50.640.2, RSMo, and Court Operating Rule 12-13.17 on the issue of the reasonableness of the circuit court's budget request. The petition shall also include evidence of attempts made to resolve the dispute before filing, including times and places of meetings held, persons attending, and matters discussed. The circuit court may file a response to the petition. In its response or attached thereto, the circuit court may supplement the record with references to the county budget that relate to the aforementioned issue of reasonableness. Any response shall be filed within ten days of receipt of the petition.

(b) Both the county governing body and the circuit court shall provide the information required by Court Operating Rule 12-9.01(a) in the petition for review, except the complete county budget.

Rule 12-9.03 FILING

The county governing body shall file the petition with the commission. Both the petition and any response by the circuit court may be filed and prosecuted without representation of counsel.

Rule 12-9.05 TIME

Except for good cause shown, a petition shall be filed according to the following schedule:

- (a) Counties of the first classification and charter counties, January 1;
- (b) Counties of the second classification, February 1; and
- (c) All other counties, February 15.

COURT OPERATING RULE 12-11 PROCEDURE ON FILING OF PETITION

Rule 12-11.01 SERVICE

If the petition is in substantial compliance with this Court Operating Rule 12, the commission shall mail a copy to the circuit court.

Rule 12-11.03 SETTLEMENT CONFERENCE

The commission, on receipt of a petition, shall immediately order a settlement conference to determine if the disputed matter can be resolved before setting the case for hearing. The presiding officer, or a member or members designated by the presiding officer, shall set a time and location for a settlement conference to resolve the dispute, if possible, or to define

the issues in dispute. The presiding officer shall designate a member or members to meet with the disputing parties.

Rule 12-11.05 PREHEARING CONFERENCE

The presiding officer may order prehearing conferences for the purpose of formulating or simplifying the issues, arranging for the exchange of proposed exhibits or prepared expert testimony, limiting the number of witnesses, and such other matters as may expedite orderly conduct and disposition of the proceeding.

Rule 12-11.07 BRIEFS

The presiding officer may order the filing of briefs before oral argument and hearing, setting forth the legal and factual grounds in support of a party's position in summary fashion.

Rule 12-11.09 DISMISSAL

The commission, without argument and without hearing, may refuse to accept any petition where the percentage increase of the judicial budget is equal to or less than the percentage increase of the county government budget or where four members vote to reject consideration of the case. Such a refusal or dismissal shall operate as a final decision and an order to the county governing body to adopt the circuit court budget as submitted.

COURT OPERATING RULE 12-13 HEARINGS

Rule 12-13.01 SETTING

A date for hearing may be set by the commission after a settlement conference has been held and the dispute is unresolved, and after the commission determines that the issues are defined by the petition, or any responses, pleadings, or briefs.

Rule 12-13.03 NOTICE

(a) Time and Place. Notice of the day, hour, and place of hearing shall be served at least ten days before the time set therefor, unless the commission finds that public necessity requires the hearing be held on shorter notice.

(b) How Served. Notice of hearing shall be served on each designated party and intervenor by the commission counsel by certified mail, requesting a return receipt signed by addressee only.

Rule 12-13.05 CONTINUANCES

On application of a party or when the commission deems it necessary, a continuance of a hearing date may be granted. When a continuance has been granted, the commission shall set the date for hearing as soon as practicable. The granting of a continuance requested by a party

may be conditioned on the filing of a waiver of the party's right to enforce any statutory time limit imposed on the commission.

Rule 12-13.07 APPEARANCES

Failure of a party to appear at a hearing or settlement conference without previously having secured a continuance in accordance with this Court Operating Rule 12, except for good cause shown, may be grounds for refusal and dismissal of a petition or grounds for an adverse determination by the commission.

Rule 12-13.09 INTERVENTION

(a) Applications for Intervention. Applications to intervene in and become a party to a proceeding shall comply with Court Operating Rules 12-7.01 to 12-7.07, shall be in conformance with Form 2530, and shall be filed at least ten days before the date of the hearing. Such applications shall set forth the grounds of the proposed intervention, the position and interest of the intervenor in the proceeding, and whether the intervenor's position is in support of or in opposition to the relief sought.

(b) Commission Policy on Intervention. Applications for intervention may be granted or denied at the discretion of the commission. It shall be the general policy of the commission to grant such application where the intervenor shows that:

(1) The intervenor has an interest in the proceeding different from that of the county governing body, the circuit court or the general public; or

(2) The proposed intervention would serve the public interest;
or

(3) The intervenor is a municipality or other body politic.

(c) Opposing Intervention. Any party may oppose intervention by submitting in writing to the commission before the hearing its reasons for opposing intervention.

Rule 12-13.11 PARTICIPATION WITHOUT INTERVENTION

The commission may permit participation without intervention.

Rule 12-13.13 CONSOLIDATION

Proceedings involving related questions of law or fact may be consolidated by order of the commission.

Rule 12-13.15 ORDER OF PROCEDURE

Unless otherwise directed by the presiding officer, the order of procedure in hearings before the commission will be as follows:

(a) Generally. In all proceedings, except investigation proceedings, petitioners shall open and close. Intervenors, if any, shall follow the parties on whose behalf the intervention is made.

(b) Investigation Proceedings. In investigation proceedings, the commission's counsel shall open and close.

Rule 12-13.17 REASONABLENESS OF BUDGET

(a) The circuit court shall have the burden of proving that the disputed expenditures in its proposed budget are reasonable.

(b) In determining if the circuit court estimate is reasonable, the commission shall consider:

(1) The expenditures necessary to support the circuit court in relation to the expenditures necessary for the administration of all other county functions;

(2) The actual or estimated operating deficit or surplus from prior years;

(3) All interest and debt redemption charges;

(4) All capital projects expenditures; and

(5) The total estimated available revenues from all sources available for financing the proposed expenditures.

In determining the reasonableness of any budget estimate involving compensation, the commission also shall consider compensation for county

employees and similar duties, length of service, and educational qualifications.

Rule 12-13.19 LIMITING NUMBER OF WITNESSES

To avoid unnecessary cumulative evidence, the presiding officer may limit the number of witnesses or the time for testimony on a particular issue.

Rule 12-13.21 TRANSCRIPT CORRECTION

Suggested correction to the transcript may be offered not later than five days after the transcript is filed in the proceeding. The suggested correction shall be mailed to each party and the commission by the offeree.

If no objection is made to the suggested correction within ten days after it is filed, the commission may direct the correction to be made and the manner of making it.

The commission may hear from the parties before determining the manner in which the record shall be changed, if at all.

COURT OPERATING RULE 12-15 EVIDENCE.

Rule 12-15.01 FORM AND ADMISSIBILITY

In general, the commission follows the practice in the circuit courts of this State and the common law rules on admissibility of evidence as

interpreted by the courts of this State, except that the commission may permit the introduction of hearsay evidence when, in its opinion, the circumstances require.

Rule 12-15.03 RULINGS

The presiding officer shall rule on the admissibility of all evidence. Such rulings may be reviewed by the commission in determining the matter on its merits. In extraordinary circumstances, where prompt decision by the commission is necessary to promote substantial justice, the presiding officer may refer the matter to the commission for determination during the hearing.

Rule 12-15.05 OBJECTIONS AND EXCEPTIONS

When objections are made to the admission or exclusion of evidence, the grounds relied on shall be stated briefly. Formal exceptions to rulings are unnecessary and need not be taken.

Rule 12-15.07 OFFER OF PROOF

If a party wishes to make an offer of proof for the record, the offer shall consist of a statement of the substance of the evidence not admitted because an objection was sustained.

Rule 12-15.09 PREPARED TESTIMONY

With the approval of the presiding officer, a witness may read into the record his or her testimony on direct examination. Before any prepared testimony is read, unless excused by the presiding officer, the witness shall deliver copies thereof to the commission, the official reporter, and all parties. Admissibility shall be subject to the rules governing oral testimony. If the presiding officer deems that substantial savings in time will result without prejudice to any party, prepared testimony may be copied into the record without having the witness read it aloud.

Rule 12-15.11 EXPERT TESTIMONY

Expert testimony may be presented only with prior approval of the commission. Permission should be requested at a prehearing conference or in writing from the commission at least five days before hearing. The request should include the name of the expert, the expert's address, and a brief summary of the expected testimony.

Rule 12-15.13 DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE

If relevant and material matter offered in evidence is embraced in a document containing other matter, the offering party shall designate specifically the matter so offered. If other matter in the document would unnecessarily encumber the record, the document will not be received in

evidence; but, at the discretion of the presiding officer, the relevant and material matter may be read into the record or copies thereof received as an exhibit. Other parties shall be afforded opportunity to examine the document and to offer in evidence other portions thereof believed material and relevant.

Rule 12-15.15 STIPULATION

The parties may file a stipulation as to the facts. The stipulation shall be numbered and may be used at the hearing or for settlement purposes. This procedure is desirable whenever practicable. The stipulation shall not preclude the offering of additional evidence by any party or by the commission's staff.

Rule 12-15.17 COPIES OF EXHIBITS

When exhibits are offered in evidence, the original and two copies shall be furnished to the reporter. The party offering exhibits should also be prepared to furnish a copy for each commission member sitting, each party, and the commission staff, unless such copies have previously been furnished or the presiding officer directs otherwise.

Rule 12-15.19 COMMISSION RECORDS

If any matter contained in a document on file as a public record with the commission is offered in evidence, the document need not be produced as an exhibit, unless directed otherwise by the presiding officer, but may be received in evidence by reference, provided that the particular portions of such document are specifically identified and are otherwise competent, relevant, and material. If testimony in proceedings other than the one being heard is offered in evidence, a copy thereof shall be presented as an exhibit, unless otherwise directed by the presiding officer.

Rule 12-15.21 OFFICIAL NOTICE OF FACTS

Official notice may be taken of such matters as may be judicially noticed by the courts of this state. The commission may also take official notice of the prior decisions of the commission as they may relate to issues before the commission.

Rule 12-15.23 ADDITIONAL EVIDENCE

At the hearing, the presiding officer may require the production of further evidence on any issue. On agreement of the parties, the presiding officer may authorize the filing of specific documentary evidence as a part of the record within a fixed time, reserving exhibit numbers therefor.

Rule 12-15.24 CONTROL OF PROCEDURE.

The commission may limit the number of filings by the parties. After the imposition of any such limitation by the commission, a party may make any additional filing only by leave of the Chair or presiding officer upon a showing of good cause.

COURT OPERATING RULE 12-17 SUBPOENAS.

Rule 12-17.01 REQUESTS FOR SUBPOENAS

Requests for the issuance of subpoenas, requiring the attendance of a witness for the purpose of taking oral testimony before the commission, shall be in writing.

Rule 12-17.03 SUBPOENAS DUCES TECUM

Requests for the issuance of subpoenas for the production of documents or records shall:

- (a) Be in writing;
- (b) Specify the particular document or record, or part thereof, desired to be produced; and
- (c) State the reasons why the production thereof is believed to be material and relevant to the issues involved.

Rule 12-17.05 WHO MAY ISSUE

Subpoenas may be signed and issued by the presiding officer or, at the commission's direction, by the commission counsel. No subpoena shall issue unless the applicant establishes that he or she has a proper relation to the matter. The name and address of the person or persons to whom the subpoena is issued shall be inserted in the original subpoena, a copy and the return of which shall be filed in the proceeding. A subpoena shall show at whose instance the subpoena is issued.

COURT OPERATING RULE 12-19 REOPENING PROCEEDINGS.

Rule 12-19.01 SETTING ASIDE SUBMISSION

(a) After conclusion of a hearing, but before issuance of an opinion or order, a party to the proceeding may mail to all other parties, and file with the commission, a petition to set aside submission and reopen the proceeding for the taking of additional evidence in conformance with Form 2540. The petition shall specify the facts claimed to constitute grounds for justification thereof, including material changes of fact or of law alleged to have occurred since the conclusion of the hearing. It shall contain a brief statement of the proposed additional evidence and explain why such evidence was not previously adduced. On approval by the commission, the additional evidence may be received.

(b) After conclusion of a hearing, but before issuance of an opinion or order, the county governing body and circuit court may agree to a settlement and seek to set aside the submission of the case. On approval by the commission, an order incorporating the settlement may issue or the case may be dismissed and the petition refused and rejected.

COURT OPERATING RULE 12-21 DECISIONS

Rule 12-21.01 TIME

The commission, to the maximum extent practicable, shall resolve the dispute within a reasonable time after submission of the cause. If the dispute is submitted within 90 days of the end of the fiscal year, the commission shall resolve the dispute within 90 days of the beginning of the subsequent fiscal year.

Rule 12-21.03 SUBMISSION OF CAUSE

A proceeding shall stand submitted for decision by the commission after the filing of the petition and holding of the settlement conference, the filing of such briefs or the presentation of such oral argument as may have been prescribed by the commission or the presiding officer, and the submission of all exhibits. The commission's formal opinions and orders shall be issued and filed as soon as practicable after proceedings have been submitted.

Rule 12-21.05 OPINIONS

The commission shall issue a written opinion setting forth the conclusions of the commission as to the reasonableness of the circuit court's budget request and stating the reasons for its decision. Any member who disagrees with the commission's findings may file a minority report.

Rule 12-21.07 SERVICE OF OPINION AND ORDERS

Opinions and orders shall be delivered to the parties of record by the commission counsel. When a party to a proceeding has appeared by a representative, delivery on such representative is delivery on the party.

COURT OPERATING RULE 12-23 PETITION FOR REVIEW IN SUPREME COURT

Rule 12-23.01 PETITION FOR REVIEW

On receipt of the written opinion of the commission, dismissal of the case by the commission, or on refusal of the commission to accept a petition for review, the circuit court or the county governing body may seek review by the Supreme Court by filing a petition for review in the Supreme Court, with certificate of service upon the commission, not later than 30 days after the receipt of the commission's opinion, dismissal, or refusal.

Rule 12-23.03 SERVICE OF PETITION FOR REVIEW

The commission counsel shall serve a copy of the petition for review on all parties, other than those seeking review, by first class mail.

Rule 12-23.09 EFFECT OF NON-FILING

If a petition for review is not filed in the Supreme Court, then the recommendation of the commission shall take effect notwithstanding the provisions of section 50.600, RSMo. If the commission refused to review a petition or dismissed a petition, and no petition for review is filed in the Supreme Court, the circuit court budget is approved as submitted to the county governing body.