

Washington

Income shares model is not applied for obligors with net earnings of less than \$500 per month but VERY different from ours

Calculator: <https://fortress.wa.gov/dshs/csips/ssgen/>

INCOME: includes:

- Wages and salaries, interest and dividend income, business income, maintenance received, other income, and imputed income
- Deductions include: income taxes FICA, State industrial insurance, union dues, *mandatory* pension payment, voluntary retirement plan contributions, maintenance paid, and normal business expenses.
- MSO calculated on net income and not gross income
- After figuring each parents BCSO they then calculate low income limitations such as self-support reserve (125% of poverty guidelines); if combined net income less than 1000 then the presumptive child support is \$50 per child; if monthly net income less self supportreserves then \$50 per child and if greater then subtract the self support reverse from the net income and the amount is either \$50 or the other amount (if greater).
- After calculating MSO, day care, education expenses, **long distance transportation expenses; and other needs are added to cost.**
- **Credits are applied for monthly health care; monthly day care and special expenses; other extraordinary expenses**
- **After other calculations, the Court can consider assets specifically valued for each parent and household debt for each parent; other income in household (like step parent) and gross income from overtime or second jobs; children's income (if extraordinary – i.e. Hannah Montana type kids); income for other children; amounts owed for other children and step children living in house.**
- **In other words, after calculating a bse amount of support there are specific offsets to be applied and considered -- manyof which are discretionary but should still be considered for child support**